COUNTRY'S NAME	SPAIN							
Production traits	Milk, fat and protein							
Breed	Holstein-Friesian							
Trait definition and unit of	Direct: Production of Kg of milk, fat, protein in 305 days calculated with Fleischman							
measurement	method from monthly test day data							
	Indirect: Percentages are calculated from yield figures at 305 days.							
Criteria for inclusion &	Only records from cows in official milk recording, in the herdbook and with known							
extension of records	sire and dam.							
	Close lactations and records of culled cows are included, projected to 305 days, if							
	days in milk \geq 215.							
	Records in progress are included, projected to 305 days, if days in milk ≥65 and two							
	tests.							
	Method for projecting lactations: Unknown monthly test days between last test and							
	305 DIM are estimated based on last available test and expected shape of the lactation							
	curve (standard lactation curves defined by production level, age at calving within							
	parity and season of calving)							
Time period for data	Calvings since 1986, but it varies a lot between regions. All available and informative							
inclusion	pedigree is included.							
Sire categories	All sire categories are considered: AI, NS, first crop, second crop, young bulls, proven							
	bulls							
Number of lactations	5 lactations with equal weights, however, weights are given in the genetic evaluations							
included in the evaluation	based on days in milk.							
Environmental effects:								

Pre-adjustment

Base for age pre-adjustment										
Method (model) of genetic	ST - R - BLUP - AM									
evaluation										
Environmental effects in the	Fixed: Month of calving within parity (1 or greater), region, period and level of									
genetic evaluation model	production at first calving (288 classes); age within lactation (1.2,3,4,5) within region,									
8	period and level of production at first calving (456 classes): Herd-Year-Imported-									
	Parity-Season (depending on amount of lactations available).									
	Random: Permanent environmental effect.									
	Kundom. I ermänent environmentar erreet.									
	Heterogeneous variances within herd-year are adjusted to a common variability (cows									
	calved in 1997) simultaneously with the genetic evaluation applying the multiplicative									
	model of Meuwissen et al (1996) assuming constant heritabilities across environments.									
Use of genetic groups	Phantom groups for unknown parents, based on path of selection, birth year, country									
	of origin (9 countries), and also region of origin for animals born in Spain.									
Genetic parameters in the	$h^2=0.28 r=0.50$									
evaluation	12-0.201-0.30									
System velidation	Input data quality is checked in three phases: First data must qualify to get into									
System vandation	national database at CONAEE (Edits I): Second, edits are applied to test day data									
	(E l'united and the literation of the literation of the foregraphic to test day data									
	(Edits II); I hird, edits are aplied when generating files for genetic evaluation (Edits									
	III). In all three steps detail statistics by edit and region are produced to verify									
	inconsistencies in new data or with statistics of previous evaluations. Records not									
	incorporated at the database or not usable for genetic evaluation are returned to									
	regional organizations for being verified (each record with a key that describes the									
	kind of error detected).									
	Checks on results: Proof correlations with previous evaluation and analysis of									
	individual changes.									
Expression of genetic	EBV KG									
evaluations										
Genetic (reference) base	Cows born in 1995									
Next base change	Year 2005: Cows born in year 2000									
Criteria for official	Spanish Bulls: 20 daughters in 10 herds.									

publication of evaluations	Foreign Bulls: 75 spanish daughters in 50 herds and previous proof in other country.											
Number of evaluations /	2 per year: January and July											
publications per year												
Use in production / total merit index	$ICO=300+9*\left(10*\frac{EBY_{FAT}}{SD_{FAT}}+51*\frac{EBY_{PROT}}{SD_{PROT}}+5*\frac{EBY_{0}PROT}{SD_{0}PROT}+816*\frac{EBY_{PP}}{SD_{IPP}}+17*\frac{EBY_{CU}}{SD_{ICU}}+884*\frac{EBY_{GT}}{SD_{IGT}}\right)$											
	SD _{FAT} =23.7; SD _{PROT} =19.8; SD _{%PROT} =0.10; SD _{IPP} =1; SD _{ICU} =1; SD _{IGT} =1 SD=Standard deviation of bull proofs; IPP=Feet and Legs Composite Index; ICU=Udder Composite Index; IGT=Global Type Index											
Anticipated changes in the near future												
Key reference on	Model and genetic parameters:											
methodology applied	Pena, J., M.A. Ibañez, M.J. Carabaño, L. L.G. Janss. New genetic parameters for											
	National Evaluations of production traits in Spanish Holsteins excluding selected base											
	animals from the estimation of genetic variance. 2001. Interbull Technical Workshop											
	in Verden, Germany, October 22-23 2000.											
	<u>Heterogeneity of variance adjustment</u> : Meuwissen, T.H.E., G. De Jong and B. Engel. 1996. Joint estimation of breedingvalues and heterogeneous variances of large data files. <i>J. Dairy Sci.</i> 79:310.											
	<i>Projection of lactation in progress to 305 days:</i> Rekaya,R., Bejar, F., Alenda, R., Carabaño, M.J., 1996. La nueva metodología de extensión de la lactación. Frisona española Julio /Agosto 96. Pg 33-41											
	Wilmink, J.B.M.; Outweltjes, W. 1992. Calculation of lactation production in the Netherlands. Proc. ICAR Meeting, Neustif, Austria. 1992, pg 121-126.											
Key organization: name,	CONAFE											
address, phone, fax, e-mail,	Apartado de correos 31											
web site	Valdemoro 28340 Madrid											
	Phone 91-8952412.											
	Fax: 91-89514/1											
	e-mail: <u>genetica@conafe.com</u>											
	Web: <u>http://www.conate.com/</u>											

COUNTRY: Spain

Number of AI bulls (NB) tested, means (X), and standard deviations (SD) of proofs (kg, %) from most recent run, by bulls' year of birth (YB) and breed.

		Milk		Fat		Protein		Fat %		Protein %	
YB	NB	Х	SD	Х	SD	Х	SD	Х	SD	Х	SD
Breed											
84	21	-290	536	-17.4	17.7	-14.4	14.6	-0.082	0.161	-0.062	0.124
85	23	-251	480	-10.5	14.8	-12.1	10.4	-0.008	0.211	-0.046	0.097
86	23	-297	387	-7.8	17.2	-11.9	11.9	0.043	0.191	-0.03	0.08
87	32	-174	393	-7.8	15.2	-8.7	11.1	-0.012	0.216	-0.036	0.095
88	25	-73	517	-2.1	20.7	-4	16	0.012	0.206	-0.018	0.076
89	12	-111	381	-0.4	8.6	-4.3	10.1	0.055	0.188	-0.003	0.105
90	40	175	378	6.9	16.2	4.4	13.2	0.01	0.175	-0.01	0.083
91	29	300	420	12.1	13.7	8.2	7.6	0.025	0.26	-0.008	0.121
92	33	405	457	9.3	14.7	12.7	13.1	-0.058	0.217	0.004	0.09
93	46	523	455	11.6	19.3	15.6	12.4	-0.083	0.224	-0.006	0.077
94	43	468	442	14.2	17.8	15.9	13.2	-0.03	0.158	0.018	0.117
95	35	563	407	17.2	17.6	18.8	10.3	-0.033	0.242	0.016	0.105
96	19	643	260	14.5	13.3	19.5	11.8	-0.102	0.16	-0.005	0.091

COUNTRY: Spain

Average of production records (kg, %) included in the most recent evaluation run, by year of calving (YC), number of cows (NC) and breed.

		Milk		Fat		Protein		Fat %		Protein %	
YC	NC	Х	SD	Х	SD	Х	SD	Х	SD	Х	SD
Breed						Holstein-Frisian					
1986	6697	5760		205		175		3.56		3.04	
1987	13349	6043		213		185		3.52		3.06	
1988	22345	6126		220		186		3.59		3.04	
1989	27988	6612		239		201		3.61		3.04	
1990	35919	6877		251		208		3.65		3.02	
1991	48405	7066		256		213		3.62		3.01	
1992	62174	7140		259		218		3.63		3.05	
1993	88867	7326		267		227		3.64		3.10	
1994	109714	7625		276		236		3.62		3.10	
1995	126204	7855		285		244		3.63		3.11	
1996	142905	7930		289		248		3.64		3.13	
1997	162085	8004		292		250		3.65		3.12	
1998	184736	8262		302		261		3.66		3.16	
1999	203982	8418		306		265		3.64		3.15	
2000	140389	8243		297		256		3.60		3.11	